

A better quality of life for all in an urbanizing world

Egypt Programme

Regional Office of Arab States



Outline

- Establishing a UN-Habitat Office
- Case of Egypt
- UN-Habitat Egypt Programme
- Egypt Alignment to the Domains of Change (DoCs)
- UN-Habitat as a Centre of Excellence in Egypt



Establishing a UN-Habitat Office

- Host Country Agreement
- Hiring of staff and establishing an office
- Analysis of the urban context and challenges within the country



- Definition of Government priorities (=
- Formulation of relevant UN-Habitat programmes (in agreement with the government and in alignment with national and international frameworks and strategies)
- Alignment with the existing UN Country Team and UNPDF



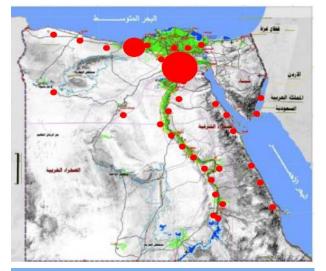
Case of Egypt

- Office was established in 2008
- Signed the Host Country Agreement in 2010
- Analysis of the Egyptian urban context and key challenges
- Analysis of relevant national priorities and strategies along with international frameworks
- Formulation of the UN-Habitat Egypt Vision and Programme



Urban Context in Egypt

- High population growth rate
- Spatial inequalities
- Unbalanced investments distribution between new and existing areas
 - Deteriorated basic services in many existing areas
 - High vacancy rates in new cities
- Unbalanced system of cities and population distribution among 219 Egyptian cities
- Informality and poverty
- Challenging land management mechanisms









National and International Frameworks

Egypt New Constitution 2014





Egypt Long-term vision and sustainable development strategy (SDS) 2030

"Creating a modern, open, democratic, productive, and happy society"



Egypt's National Strategic Plan for Urban Development 2052

Balanced population distribution

Optimum utilization of geographical location & resources

Environmental risks/ Internal & external threats

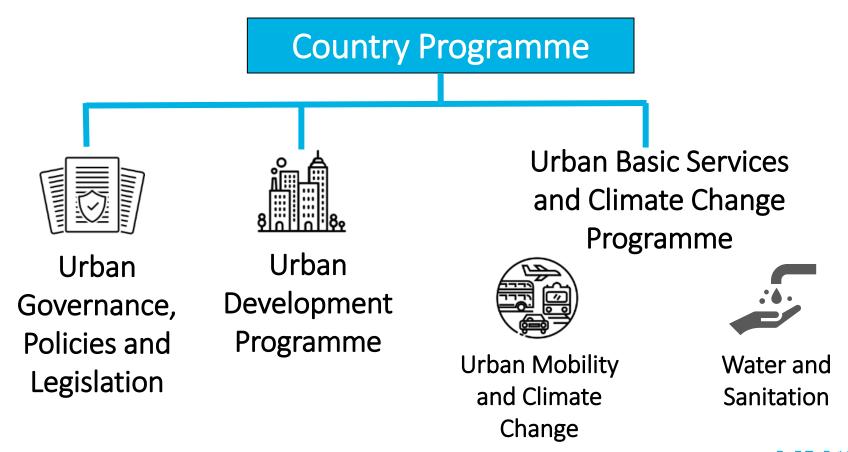


UN-Habitat Egypt Vision

Urbanization as a driver of development, equity and improved living conditions for all



Egypt Office Programme Thematic Areas





Egypt Office Programme Thematic Areas



- National Urban Policy
- National Housing Strategy
- Land management
- PFM and Value capturing



- Sustainable urban management
- Strategic urban planning for new and existing cities
- Participatory urban upgrading and development





- Innovative and lowcost solutions
- Bus Rapid Transit
- Bike-sharing
- Clean water provision
- River-bank Filtration



Sustainable urbanization is advanced as a driver of development and peace, to improve living conditions for all in line with the SDGs

UN-Habitat Theory of Change



Organizational performance enablers

- 1. Monitoring & knowledge
- 2. Innovation
- 3. Advocacy, communication and outreach
- 4. Partnerships
- 5. Capacity building
- 6. Systems and processes

Drivers of change

- 1. Policy & Legislation
- 2. Urban Planning and Design
- 3. Governance
 - 4. Financing Mechanisms



Reduced spatial inequality and poverty in communities across the urban rural continuum



Enhanced shared prosperity of cities and regions



Strengthened climate action and improved urban environment



Effective urban crisis prevention and response

Increased and equal access to basic services, sustainable mobility and public space

Increased and secure access to land nd adequate and affordable housing

Effective settlements growth and regeneration

Improved spatial connectivity and productivity

Increased and equitably distributed locally generated revenues

Expanded deployment of frontier technologies and innovations

Reduced areenhouse aas emissions and Improved air quality

Improved resource efficiency and protection of ecological assets

Effective adaptation of communities and infrastructure to climate change

Enhanced social integration and inclusive communities

Improved living standards and inclusion of migrants, refugees and internally displaced persons

Enhanced resilience of the built environment and Infrastructure

Social inclusion issues: (1) Human rights; (2) Gender; (3) Children, youth and Older Persons; (4) Disability

Crosscutting thematic areas: (1) Resilience; (2) Safety

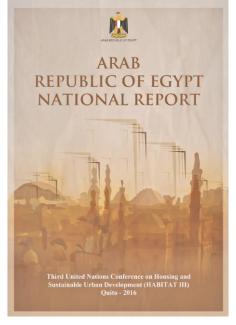
Egypt Programme Performance Enablers:

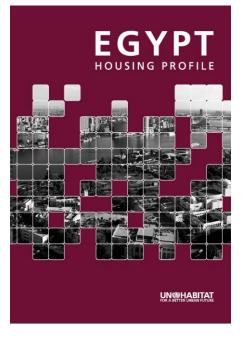
Monitoring and Knowledge

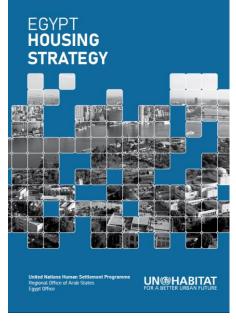


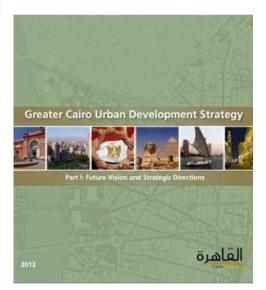
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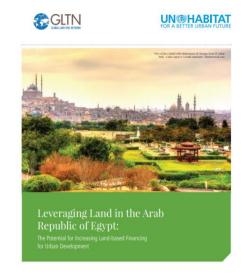


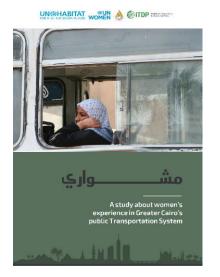


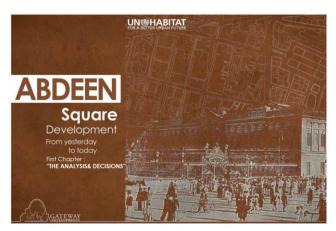














Egypt Programme Performance Enablers: Advocacy, Communication, and Capacity Building

Organizational performance enablers

- 1. Monitoring & knowledge
- 2. Innovation
- 3. Advocacy, communication and outreach
- 4. Partnerships
- 5. Capacity building
- 6. Systems and processes









Egypt Programme Performance Enablers: Advocacy, Communication, and Partnerships

Universities and Research Institutes





















Land Survey Authority, Real Estate Publicity Department

UNCT and international organizations









Private sector



NGOs















Dorossos Foundation



Organizational performance enablers

1. Monitoring &

knowledge

2. Innovation

3. Advocacy, communication and outreach

4. Partnerships

6. Systems and processes

5. Capacity building

Egypt Programme Drivers of Change

Drivers of change

1. Policy & Legislation

2. Urban
Planning and
Design

3. Governance

4. Financing Mechanisms

Supported National Policies and Legislation

- National Urban Policy

- National Housing strategy

- Supported new/revised laws

Urban Planning and Design

- New cities

- Land use planning

- Expansion areas and inner upgrading areas

Drivers of Change

Governance

- Involvement of local authorities in strategic development plans

- Improving alignment and coordination among various urban actors

Promoting Innovative Financing Mechanisms

- Impact-based finance
 - Land-based finance
- Innovative business models



UN-Habitat as a Centre of Excellence in Egypt















Thank you









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